(b) whether the Government propose to initiate action against DESU for this hazardous pollution of the environment; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The Government has taken up the matter regarding managemnet of fly-ash in an environmentally sound manner with the DESU and Delhi Administration.

IMPORT OF PACEMAKERS FROM USA

131. SHRI RAM VILAS PASWAN : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) whether the pacemakers imported from U.S.A. for implementation in patients are retrieved from the bodies and are not allowed to be reused in U.S.;

(b) if so, what are the reasons for importing such devices the use of which is considered unethical in the medical world; and

(c) whether Government proposes to stop the imports of pacemakers from U.S.A. ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D. K. THARA DEVI) : (a) and (b) No case of implementation of pacemakers retrieved from the bodies in the patients has come to the notice of the Government.

(c) There is no restriction to import from any country except South Africa, Fiji and Iraq.

IMPACT OF FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMME ON POPULATION

132. SHRI RAM VILAS PASWAN : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) the percentage rise in country's population (men, women and children, separately) according to provisional 1991 Census;

(b) the names of the States which have shown consistent rising trend in population and the percentage rise thereof;

(c) whether the Family Planning Programmes have not yielded the desired results and have failed to achieve the objectives; and

(d) if so, the new strategy proposed to be formulated by the Government in this regard ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI D. K. THARA DEVI): (a) The provisional population totals based on 1991 Census so far available from Registrar General and Census Commissioner, India gives the percentage rise only in respect of total population. According to 1991 Census, the percentage rise in the total population is 23.5% over the 1981 Census figure. The annual exponential growth rate of the population during the decade 1981–91 is 2.11%.

(b) A statement giving State-wise percentage decadal variation in population during the last four decades i.e. 1951–61 to 1981–91 is attached.

(c) The targets envisaged to be reached by the end of Seventh Plan in respect of the Family Planning Programme and the latests achievements available against these indicators are given here under :—

Indicator	Target by the end of Seventh Plan (1990)	Latest achievements (1989)
1. Birth Rate (per 1000 population)	29.1	30.5
2. Couple Protection Rate	42%	43.3% (as on 31st March 1990)
3. Infant Mortality Rate (per 1000 live births) . .	90	91

(d) The strategy involves improving quality of health services, strengthening health infrastructure, enhancing child survival rates through Universal Immunisation Programme, providing newer contraceptive methods, intensifying population education enhancing community participation, adopting improved communication approaches, greater involvement of voluntary organisation, greater efforts in training and retraining of personnel at the grass-root level, establishing greater intersectoral coordination. strengthening linkage with related development programmes like female literacy and improvement of women's status and adoption of area intensive approach.

STATEMENT

PERCENTAGE DECADAL VARIATION IN POPULATION 1951-61 TO 1981-91

S.No.	State/Union Territory	1951-61	1961-71	1971-81	1981-91
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Andhra Pradesh	+15.65	+20.90	+23.10	+23.82
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	@	+38.91	+35.15	+35.86
3.	Assam	+34.98	+34.95	+23.36	+23.58
4.	Bihar	+19.76	+21.33	+24.06	+23.49
5.	Goa	+7.77	+34.77	+26.74	+15.96
6.	Gujarat	+26.88	+29.39	+27.67	+20.80
7.	Haryana	+33.79	+32.23	+28.75	+26.28
8.	Himachal Pradesh	+17.87	+23.04	+23.71	+19.39
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	+9.44	+29.65	+29.65	+28.92
10.	Karnataka	+21.57	+24.22	+26.75	+20.69
11.	Kerala	+24.76	+26.29	+19.24	+13.98
12.	Madhya Pradesh	+24.17	+28.67	+25.27	+26.75
13.	Maharashtra	+23.60	+27.45	+24.54	+25.36
14.	Manipur	+35.04	+37.53	+32.46	+28.56
15.	Meghalaya	+27.03	+31.50	+32.04	+31.80
16.	Mizoram	+35.61	+24.93	+48.55	+38.98
17.	Nagaland	+14.07	+39.88	+50.05	+56.86
18.	Orissa	+19.82	+25.05	+20.17	+19.50
19.	Punjab	+21.56	+21.70	+23.89	+20.26
20.	Rajasthan	+26.20	+27.83	+32.97	+28.07
21.	Sikkim	+17.76	+29.38	+50.77	+27.57
22.	Tamil Nadu	+11.85	+22.30	+17.50	+14.94
23.	Tripura	+78.71	+36.28	+31.92	+33.69
24.	Uttar Pradesh	+16.66	+19.78	+25.49	+25.16
25.	West Bengal	+32.80	+26.87	+23.17	+24.55
26.	A & N Islands	+105.19	+81.17	+63.93	+47.29
27.	Chandigarh	+394.13	+114.59	+75.55	+41.88
28.	D & N Haveli	+39.56	+27.96	+39.78	+33.63
29.	Daman & Diu	+24.56	+70.85	+26.07	+28.43
30.	Delhi	+52.44	+52.93	+53.00	+50.64
31.	Lakshadweep	+14.61	+31.95	+26.53	+28.40
32.	Pondicherry	+16.34	+27.81	+28.15	+30.60
	All-India	+21.51	+24.80	+24.66*	+23.50

*In 1981 Census was not conducted in Assam. Based on the 1971 Census & 1991 Census provisional results, the population of Assam for 1981 have been interpolated. As consequence of the revised estimates for Assam for the year 1981, the total population of India as of 1981 has been estimated as 683329097 as against earlier published figures of 685184692. Hence the revised decadal growth rate of India during 1971-81 has been estimated 24.66 percent.

@In Arunachal Pradesh the Census was conducted for the first time in 1961. Hence the growth rate for earlier decades are not available.